

JAWAPAN

BAB
9

Laju dan Pecutan

Speed and Acceleration

1.	Peserta Contestant	Jarak (m) Distance (m)	Masa (min) Time (min)	Jarak/ Distance Masa/ Time	Kedudukan Position
	Boon Sie	800	2.5	$\frac{800}{2.5} = 320 \text{ m/min}$	Ketiga <i>Third</i>
	Fitri	800	2.3	$\frac{800}{2.3} = 347.8 \text{ m/min}$	Kedua <i>Second</i>
	Ramesh	800	2.25	$\frac{800}{2.25} = 355.6 \text{ m/min}$	Pertama <i>First</i>

- (a) terpendek; tertinggi
shortest; highest
- (b) terpanjang, terendah
longest, lowest
2. (a) Laju / Speed = $\frac{12 \text{ km}}{40 \text{ min}}$
= 0.3 km/min
- (b) Laju / Speed = $\frac{1 \text{ cm}}{0.5 \text{ s}}$
= 2 cm/s
- (c) Laju / Speed = $\frac{25 \text{ km}}{20 \text{ min}}$
= 1.25 km/min
3. (a) Jarak/ Distance
= $60 \text{ km/j} \times 1.5 \text{ j}$ ($60 \text{ km/h} \times 1.5 \text{ h}$)
= 90 km
- (b) Jarak/ Distance
= $7.5 \text{ km/j} \times \frac{45}{60} \text{ j}$ ($7.2 \text{ km/h} \times \frac{45}{60} \text{ h}$)
= 5.4 km
- Tukar minit kepada jam.
Convert minute to hour.
- (c) Masa/ Time
= $\frac{1 \text{ cm}}{2 \text{ cm/s}}$
= 0.5 s
- (d) Masa/ Time
= $\frac{15 \text{ km}}{0.5 \text{ km/min}}$
= 30 min
4. (a) (i) berbeza; sama
unequal; equal
(ii) tak seragam
non-uniform
- (b) (i) sama; sama
equal; equal
(ii) seragam
uniform
5. (a) Kelajuan pada 1.5 jam pertama
Speed for the first 1.5 hours
= $\frac{225 \text{ km}}{1.5 \text{ j (h)}}$
= 150 km/j (km/h)
- Kelajuan pada 0.5 jam seterusnya
Speed for the next 0.5 hour
= $\frac{75 \text{ km}}{0.5 \text{ j (h)}}$
= 150 km/j (km/h)
- Maka, kelajuan bot laju itu adalah seragam.
Thus, the speed of the boat is uniform.
- (b) Kelajuan pada 30 saat pertama
Speed for the first 30 seconds
= $\frac{2.5 \text{ m}}{30 \text{ s}}$
= 0.083 m/s
- Kelajuan pada 45 saat seterusnya
Speed for the next 45 seconds
= $\frac{1.8 \text{ m}}{45 \text{ s}}$
= 0.04 m/s

(c) Kelajuan dari K ke L
Speed from K to L

$$= \frac{0.4 \text{ m}}{8 \text{ min}}$$

$$= 0.05 \text{ km/min}$$

Kelajuan dari L ke M
Speed from L to M

$$= \frac{10 \text{ km}}{25 \text{ min}}$$

$$= 0.4 \text{ km/min}$$

Kelajuan dari M ke N
Speed from M to N

$$= \frac{2.5 \text{ km}}{3 \text{ min}}$$

$$= 0.83 \text{ km/min}$$

Maka, kelajuan Hael dalam pertandingan itu adalah tak seragam.
Thus, the speed of Hael in the competition is non-uniform.

6. (a)

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 162 \text{ km/j} \\ 162 \text{ km/h} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 162 \text{ km} \\ 1 \text{ j (h)} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 162 \times 1000 \text{ m} \\ 1 \times 60 \times 60 \text{ s} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 45 \text{ m/s} \end{array}$$

(b)

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 12 \text{ m/minit} \\ 12 \text{ m/minute} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 12 \text{ m} \\ 1 \text{ min} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 12 \times 100 \text{ cm} \\ 1 \times 60 \text{ s} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 20 \text{ cm/s} \end{array}$$

(c)

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 240 \text{ m/minit} \\ 240 \text{ m/minute} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 240 \text{ m} \\ 1 \text{ min} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} (240 \div 1000) \text{ km} \\ (1 \div 60) \text{ j (h)} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 14.4 \text{ km/j} \\ \text{km/h} \end{array}$$

7. (a) Laju purata/ Average speed

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{(15 + 1 + 25) \text{ km}}{\left(2 + \frac{25}{60}\right) \text{ jam/hour}} \quad \leftarrow 1000 \text{ m} = 1 \text{ km} \\ &= \frac{41 \text{ km}}{2\frac{5}{12} \text{ jam/hour}} \\ &= 16.97 \text{ km/j} (16.97 \text{ km/h}) \end{aligned}$$

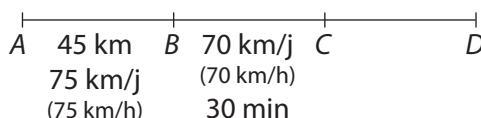
(b) Laju purata/ Average speed

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{(45 \times 2 \times 2) \text{ km}}{(2 + 2.5) \text{ j (h)}} \\ &= \frac{180}{4.5} \\ &= 40 \text{ km/j} (\text{km/h}) \end{aligned}$$

(c) Laju purata/ Average speed

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{(60 \times 4 + 90 \times 1) \text{ km}}{(4 + 1) \text{ j (h)}} \\ &= \frac{330}{5} \\ &= 66 \text{ km/j} (\text{km/h}) \end{aligned}$$

8.



$$\text{Jumlah masa/ Total time} = \frac{300 \text{ km}}{80 \text{ km/j (km/h)}} = 3.75 \text{ jam / hours}$$

Masa dari Bandar A ke Bandar B

Time from Town A to Town B

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{45 \text{ km}}{75 \text{ km/j (km/h)}} \\ &= 0.6 \text{ jam / hours} \end{aligned}$$

Masa dari Bandar C ke Bandar D

Time from Town C to Town D

$$\begin{aligned} &= 3.75 - 0.6 - \frac{30}{60} \\ &= 2.65 \text{ jam / hours} \end{aligned}$$

Jarak dari Bandar B ke Bandar C

Distance from Town B to Town C

$$\begin{aligned} &= 70 \text{ km/j} \times \left(\frac{30}{60}\right) \text{j} \left(70 \text{ km/h} \times \left(\frac{30}{60}\right)\text{h}\right) \\ &= 35 \text{ km} \end{aligned}$$

Jarak dari Bandar C ke Bandar D

Distance from Town C to Town D

$$\begin{aligned} &= 300 - 45 - 35 \\ &= 220 \text{ km} \end{aligned}$$

Laju dari Bandar C ke Bandar D

Speed from Town C to Town D

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{220 \text{ km}}{2.65 \text{ j (h)}} \\ &= 83.02 \text{ km/j} (83.02 \text{ km/h}) \end{aligned}$$

(b) (i) Tempoh masa/ Length of time

$$\begin{aligned} &= 9 - 5 \\ &= 4 \text{ s} \end{aligned}$$

(ii) Laju/ Speed

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{(55 - 0) \text{ m}}{5 \text{ s}} \\ &= 11 \text{ m/s} \\ &= \frac{(11 \div 1000) \text{ km}}{(1 \div 60) \text{ min}} \\ &= 0.66 \text{ km per min} \end{aligned}$$

(iii) Laju purata/ Average speed

$$= \frac{55 \text{ m}}{9 \text{ s}}$$

$$= 6.11 \text{ m/s}$$

(c) Jarak di antara bandar *P* dan bandar *Q*

Distance between town P and town Q

$$= 80 \text{ km/j} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ j} \quad (80 \text{ km/h} \times 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ h})$$

$$= 200 \text{ km}$$

Kelajuan dari bandar *Q* ke bandar *R*

Speed from town Q to town R

$$= 80 \times 125\%$$

$$= 100 \text{ km/j} (\text{km/h})$$

Masa yang diambil dari bandar *Q* ke bandar *R*

Time taken from town Q to town R

$$= \frac{150 \text{ km}}{100 \text{ km/j} (\text{km/h})}$$

$$= 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ jam (hours)}$$

Jumlah masa yang diambil

Total time taken

$$= 2\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$= 4 \text{ jam (hours)}$$

Jumlah jarak yang dilalui

Total distance travelled

$$= 200 + 150$$

$$= 350 \text{ km}$$

Laju purata bagi seluruh perjalanan

Average speed for the whole journey

$$= \frac{350 \text{ km}}{4 \text{ j (h)}}$$

$$= 87.5 \text{ km/j (km/h)}$$

(d)

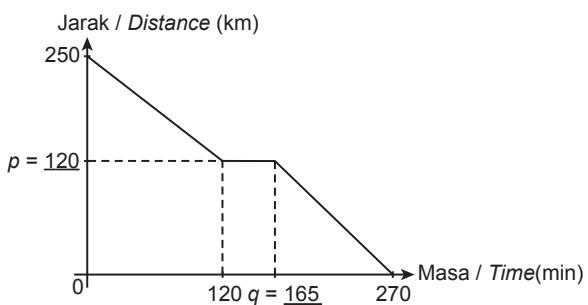
(i) (a)



$$p = 250 - 130 = 120 \text{ km}$$

$$q = 120 + 45 = 165 \text{ minit/ minutes}$$

(b)

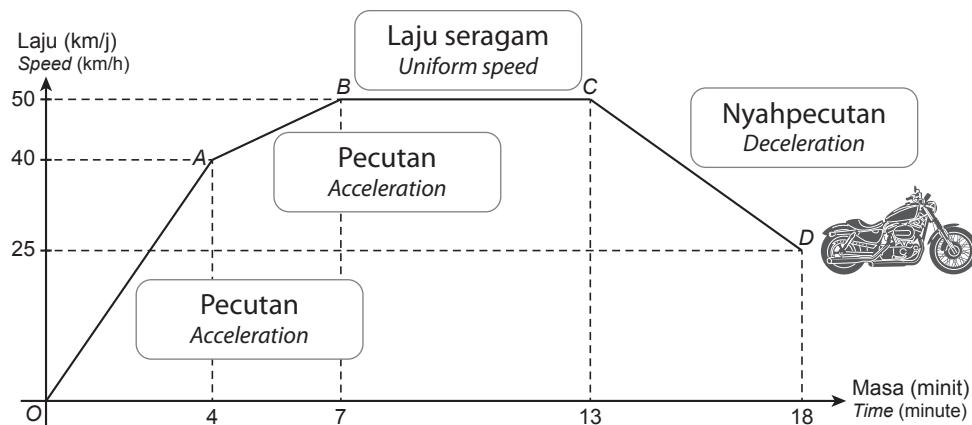


(ii) Laju purata/ Average speed

$$= \frac{250 \text{ km}}{(270 \div 60) \text{ jam/ hours}}$$

$$= 55.56 \text{ km/j (55.56 km/h)}$$

9.



Masa (min) Time (min)	Laju awal (km/j) Initial speed (km/h)	Laju akhir (km/j) Final speed (km/h)	Pecutan $\frac{\text{Perubahan laju}}{\text{Masa yang diambil}}$ $\frac{\text{Change of speed}}{\text{Time taken}}$ km/j per min (km/h per min)
Graf OA/ Graph of OA $4 - 0 = 4$	0	40	$\frac{40 - 0}{4} = 10$
Graf AB/ Graph of AB $7 - 4 = 3$	40	50	$\frac{50 - 40}{3} = 3.3$
Graf BC/ Graph of BC $13 - 7 = 6$	50	50	$\frac{50 - 50}{6} = 0$
Graf CD/ Graph of CD $18 - 13 = 5$	50	25	$\frac{25 - 50}{5} = -5$

Berdasarkan jadual di atas,

Based on the above table,

- pecutan ialah suatu kadar yang melibatkan laju dan masa.
acceleration is a ratio involving speed and time.
- pecutan ialah peningkatan kelajuan terhadap masa dan dikenali sebagai pecutan positif.
acceleration is the increase in speed over time and known as positive acceleration.
- nyahpecutan ialah pengurangan kelajuan terhadap masa dan dikenali sebagai pecutan negatif.
deceleration is the decrease in speed over time and known as negative acceleration.

10. (a) Pecutan/ Acceleration

$$= \frac{(90 - 60) \text{ km/j (km/h)}}{5 \text{ s}}$$

$$= 6 \text{ km/j per saat}$$

$$= 6 \text{ km/h per second}$$

(b) Pecutan/ Acceleration

$$= \frac{(0 - 15) \text{ m/s}}{3 \text{ s}}$$

$$= -5 \text{ m/s}^2$$

atau/ or

$$\text{Nyahpecutan/ Deceleration} = 5 \text{ m/s}^2$$

(c) Pecutan / Acceleration

$$= \frac{(80 - 110) \text{ km/j (km/h)}}{4 \text{ s}}$$

$$= -7.5 \text{ km/j per saat}$$

$$= -7.5 \text{ km/h per second}$$

atau/ or

Nyahpecutan/ Deceleration

$$= 7.5 \text{ km/j per saat}$$

$$= 7.5 \text{ km/h per second}$$

(d) Pecutan / Acceleration

$$= \frac{(30 - 0) \text{ m/s}}{15 \text{ s}}$$

$$= \frac{(30 \div 1000) \text{ km}}{(1 \div 3600) \text{ j}} \times \frac{1}{15 \text{ s}}$$

$$= 7.2 \text{ km/j per saat}$$

$$= 7.2 \text{ km/h per second}$$

(e) (i) (a) Masa = $20 \text{ min} \times \frac{1}{60}$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \text{ jam / hour}$$

Pecutan/ Acceleration

$$= \frac{(110 - 80) \text{ km/j (km/h)}}{\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \text{j (h)}}$$

$$= 90 \text{ km/j per jam}$$

$$= 90 \text{ km/h per hour}$$

(b) Masa/ Time = 20 min

$$= 20 \times 60 \text{ s}$$

$$= 1200 \text{ s}$$

Pecutan/ Acceleration

$$= \frac{(110 - 80) \text{ km/j (km/h)}}{1200 \text{ s}}$$

$$= 0.025 \text{ km/j per saat}$$

$$= 0.025 \text{ km/h per second}$$

11. (a) (i) Perubahan laju/ Change in speed

= Pecutan × Masa yang diambil

Acceleration × Time taken

$$= 2 \times 5$$

$$= 10 \text{ m/s}$$

Katakan laju akhir / Let the final speed

$$= v$$

$$v - 10 = 10$$

$$v = 10 + 10$$

$$= 20 \text{ m/s}$$

(ii) Masa yang diambil = $\frac{\text{Perubahan laju}}{\text{Pecutan}}$
 $\text{Time taken} = \frac{\text{Change in speed}}{\text{Acceleration}}$
 $= \frac{30 - 10}{2}$
 $= 10 \text{ s}$

- (b) Katakan laju kereta apabila bertemu = v
Let the speed of the car when they meet = v

Kereta / Car A
 $7 = \frac{v_A - 50}{8}$

$v_A - 50 = 56$
 $v_A = 106 \text{ km/j (km/h)}$

Kereta / Car B
 $8 = \frac{v_B - 40}{8}$

$v_B - 40 = 64$
 $v_B = 104 \text{ km/j (km/h)}$

- (c) Pecutan motosikal S
Acceleration of motorcycle S

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{8} \times 218\right) \text{ km/j (km/h)}}{5 \text{ s}} \\ = 5.45 \text{ km/j per s (km/h per s)}$$

Pecutan motosikal T
Acceleration of motorcycle T

$$= \frac{(242 - 218) \text{ km/j (km/h)}}{6 \text{ s}} \\ = 4 \text{ km/j per s (km/h per s)}$$

Beza pecutan
Difference in acceleration
 $= 5.45 - 4$
 $= 1.45 \text{ km/j per s (km/h per s)}$

- (d) (i) Tempoh masa / Duration of time
 $= 1.5 - 0.8$
 $= 0.7 \text{ jam (hour)}$
 $= 42 \text{ minit (minutes)}$

(ii) Pecutan pada 0.8 jam pertama
Acceleration in the first 0.8 hour
 $= \frac{(85 - 0) \text{ km/j (km/h)}}{(0.8 - 0) \text{ j (h)}}$
 $= 106.3 \text{ km/j}^2 (\text{km/h}^2)$

(iii) Pecutan / Acceleration
 $= \frac{(60 - 85) \text{ km/j (km/h)}}{(1.8 - 1.5) \text{ j (h)}}$
 $= -83.3 \text{ km/j}^2 (\text{km/h}^2)$

Maka, nyahpecutan = 83.3 km/j^2
Thus, deceleration = 83.3 km/h^2

- (iv) Pecutan pada 0.4 jam terakhir

Acceleration in the last 0.4 hour
 $= \frac{(110 - 60) \text{ km/j (km/h)}}{(2.2 - 1.8) \text{ j (h)}}$
 $= 125 \text{ km/j}^2 (\text{km/h}^2)$

Ya, Xue Wen memecut dengan lebih laju pada 0.4 jam terakhir berbanding 0.8 jam pertama ($125 \text{ km/j}^2 > 106.3 \text{ km/j}^2$).
Yes, Xue Wen accelerates faster in the last 0.4 hour than in the first 0.8 hour ($125 \text{ km/h}^2 > 106.3 \text{ km/h}^2$)

Power PT3

Bahagian A

1. Laju / Speed

$$= \frac{\text{jarak / distance}}{\text{masa / time}} \\ = \frac{150}{10} \\ = 15 \text{ m/min}$$

Jawapan / Answer: A

2. $240 \text{ km} = 240 \times 1000 = 240000 \text{ m}$

$$1 \text{ jam / hour} = 60 \text{ minit / minutes}$$

$$\frac{240000}{60} = 4000 \text{ m/min}$$

Jawapan / Answer: C

3. Jarak / Distance

$$= \text{Laju / Speed} \times \text{Masa / Time} \\ = 100 \times 4.5 \\ = 450 \text{ km}$$

Jawapan / Answer: B

4. Laju / Speed

$$= \frac{90 + 112 + 68}{1.25 + 2.5 + 0.75} \\ = \frac{270}{4.5}$$

$$= 60 \text{ km/j} \\ 60 \text{ km/h}$$

Jawapan / Answer: C

Bahagian B

5.

Laju Speed	Jarak Distance	Masa Time
20 m/s	400 m	20 saat 20 second
90 km/j 90 km/h	243 km	2.7 jam 2.7 hours
110 km/j 110 km/h	550 km	5 jam 5 hours
80 km/j 80 km/h	100 km	1.25 jam 1.25 hours

Jarak / Distance

$$= 20 \text{ m/s} \times 20 \text{ s}$$

$$= 400 \text{ m}$$

Laju / Speed

$$= \frac{243 \text{ km}}{2.7 \text{ jam}/\text{hours}}$$

$$= 90 \text{ km/j}$$

$$90 \text{ km/h}$$

Masa / Time

$$= \frac{550 \text{ km}}{110 \text{ km/j} (\text{km/h})}$$

$$= 5 \text{ jam}/\text{hours}$$

Masa / Time

$$= \frac{100 \text{ km}}{80 \text{ km/j} (\text{km/h})}$$

$$= 1.25 \text{ jam}/\text{hours}$$

6. (a)

	Hasan	Hafiz
Masa (j) Time (h)	2	3
Jarak (km) Distance (km)	45	72
Laju (km/j) Speed (km/h)	22.5	24

Laju Hasan

Hasan's speed

$$= \frac{45 \text{ km}}{2 \text{ jam}/\text{hours}}$$

$$= 22.5 \text{ km/j} (\text{km/h})$$

Laju Hafiz

Hafiz's speed

$$= \frac{72 \text{ km}}{3 \text{ jam}/\text{hours}}$$

$$= 24 \text{ km/j} (\text{km/h})$$

(b)

Laju awal Initial speed	Laju akhir Final speed	Masa diambil Time taken	Pecutan/Nyahpecutan Acceleration/Deceleration
22 m/s	26 m/s	4 saat 4 seconds	$\frac{26 - 22}{4} = \frac{4}{4} = 1 \text{ m/s}^2$ Pecutan / Acceleration
90 km/j 90 km/h	75 km/j 75 km/h	2.5 jam 2.5 hours	$\frac{75 - 90}{2.5} = \frac{-15}{2.5} = -6 \text{ km/j}^2 (-6 \text{ km/h}^2)$ Nyahpecutan / Deceleration

Bahagian C

7. (a) Hitung laju bagi setiap situasi di bawah.

Calculate the speed for each situation below.

$$(i) \frac{353.4 \text{ km}}{6.2 \text{ j} (h)} = 57 \text{ km/j} (\text{km/h})$$

$$(ii) \frac{1500 \text{ m}}{5 \text{ min}} = 300 \text{ m/min}$$

$$(b) \text{ Kelajuan } 2 \text{ jam pertama} = \frac{120}{2}$$

$$\text{The speed of the first 2 hours} \\ = 60 \text{ km/j} (60 \text{ km/h})$$

$$\text{Kelajuan seterusnya} = \frac{150}{2.5}$$

$$\text{The next speed} \\ = 60 \text{ km/j} (60 \text{ km/h})$$

Adam memandu dengan kelajuan seragam.
Adam drives at a uniform speed.

$$(c) (i) \text{ Masa/ Time} = \frac{29.6 \times 1000}{1480} \\ = 20 \text{ s}$$

$$(ii) \text{ Jarak/ Distance} = 75 \times \frac{45}{60} \\ = 56.25 \text{ km}$$

8. (a) (i) Jarak / Distance

$$= 100 \times 1$$

$$= 100 \text{ km}$$

(ii) Masa / Time

$$= \frac{242}{100}$$

$$= 2.42 \text{ jam / hours}$$

$$= 2 \text{ jam } 25 \text{ minit} \\ 2 \text{ hours } 25 \text{ minutes}$$

$$(b) \text{ Masa / Time} = \frac{12}{60} \\ = 0.2 \text{ jam} \\ = 0.2 \text{ hour}$$

Pecutan/ Acceleration
 $= \frac{0 - 280}{0.2}$

$= -1400 \text{ km/j}^2 \\ (-1400 \text{ km/h}^2)$

$\therefore \text{Nyahpecutan} \\ \text{Deceleration} \\ = 1400 \text{ km/j}^2 \\ (1400 \text{ km/h}^2)$

$(c) \text{ Jarak/ Distance} \\ = 70 \times \frac{30}{60} \\ = 35 \text{ km}$

Baki jarak/ Remaining distance
 $= 70 - 35 \\ = 35 \text{ km}$

Masa untuk baki jarak/ Time for remaining distance
 $= \frac{35}{75} \text{ jam / hour} \\ = \frac{7}{15} \text{ jam / hours} \\ = 28 \text{ minit / minutes}$

Masa untuk Narveen tiba/ Time for Narveen arrived
 $= 1:40 \text{ p.m.} + 30 \text{ minit / minutes} \\ + 28 \text{ minit / minutes} \\ = 2:38 \text{ p.m.}$

\therefore Narveen akan tiba lewat 8 minit ke mesyuarat itu.
Narveen will arrive 8 minutes late to the meeting.

Power KBAT

1. Jumlah masa dari Ipoh ke Kuala Lumpur

Total time from Ipoh to Kuala Lumpur

$= 1130 - 0900$

$= 2 \text{ jam } 30 \text{ minit (2 hours 30 minutes)}$

$= 2.5 \text{ jam (hours)}$

Jumlah jarak dari Ipoh ke Kuala Lumpur
Total distance from Ipoh to Kuala Lumpur

$= 82 \times 2.5$

$= 205 \text{ km}$

Masa yang diambil dari Tanjung Malim ke Kuala Lumpur

Time taken from Tanjung Malim to Kuala Lumpur

$= 1130 - 1030$

$= 1 \text{ jam (hour)}$

Jarak dari Tanjung Malim ke Kuala Lumpur
Distance from Tanjung Malim to Kuala Lumpur

$= 80 \times 1$

$= 80 \text{ km}$

Jarak di antara Ipoh dengan Tanjung Malim
Distance between Ipoh and Tanjung Malim

$= 205 - 80$

$= 125 \text{ km}$

2. (i) 6 saat hingga 10 saat
6 seconds until 10 seconds

- (ii) 0 saat hingga 6 saat
0 seconds until 6 seconds

- (iii) Masa / Time = 2 s
Perubahan laju / Change in speed
 $= 20 - 10 \\ = 10 \text{ m/s}$

Pecutan / Acceleration

$= \frac{10 \text{ m/s}}{2 \text{ s}} \\ = 5 \text{ m/s}^2$